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22	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA			
23	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; Case No.			
24	CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD			
	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK VERIFIED PETITION FOR WRIT OF			
25	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND MANDATE AND COMPLAINT FOR			
26	PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE. DECLARATORY AND INJUNCTIVE			
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28	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY;			

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH; CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY Petitioners and Plaintiffs, v. CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE; KAREN ROSS in her official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food and Agriculture, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, Defendants and Respondents.	
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Petitioners and Plaintiffs ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP, CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY, PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA, BEYOND PESTICIDES, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE, ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN, SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENTS, CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY (collectively, "Petitioners") bring this petition for writ of mandate under the California Environmental Quality Act ("CEQA") and complaint for declaratory and injunctive relief ("Petition") on behalf of Petitioners' interested members and residents, and in the public interest.

INTRODUCTION

- The California Department of Food and Agriculture ("CDFA" or "Respondent") 1. through its Statewide Program conducts or oversees numerous pest "management" programs and activities throughout the state of California, many of which involve the application and spraying of toxic chemical pesticides. On Christmas Eve of 2014, the CDFA certified the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Report ("PEIR") for its proposed Statewide Plant Pest Prevention and Management Program (the "Program"). While not entirely clear from the PEIR (one of many deficiencies in the PEIR's project description), the Program purports to encompass most of the CDFA's future statewide pest management activities.
- 2. The CDFA contends that it prepared the "program" EIR to serve as an "overarching CEQA framework for efficient and proactive implementation of Statewide Program activities." The CDFA thus intends the PEIR to serve its stated goal of "rapid response by streamlining" project-level implementation activities" that the CDFA determines, in its sole discretion, are adequately addressed in the PEIR.
- 3. The CDFA's "streamlining" strategy is implemented through the PEIR's "Tiering Strategy." The Tiering Strategy, however, violates CEQA's requirements in at least two important respects. First, it demonstrates that the CDFA intends to carry out subsequent statewide pest management activities, including the spraying of pesticides, without further site-specific

environmental review, and without public notice or opportunity to comment, so long as the CDFA determines in its sole discretion that the proposed activities are "substantially similar" to those considered in the PEIR. Second, it demonstrates that the CDFA does not intend to file Notices of Determination ("NOD") regarding its decisions to carry out Program activities without further environmental review, thus depriving the public of their statutory right under CEQA to timely public notice of agency decisions to approve or "carry out" projects.

- 4. While the CDFA contends that it prepared the PEIR to provide an "up-to-date," transparent, and comprehensive evaluation of CDFA's activities," in fact it is neither up-to-date, transparent nor comprehensive. In its haste to secure for itself this unprecedented and expansive "streamlining" authority, the CDFA ran roughshod over CEQA's substantive and procedural requirements designed to protect public health, the environment, public participation and government accountability.
- 5. The PEIR is deficient and legally inadequate as an informational document in numerous respects as alleged herein. California courts repeatedly have held that CEQA must be scrupulously followed in order to afford the "fullest protection to the environment." Moreover, "[a]n EIR must include detail sufficient to enable those who did not participate in its preparation to understand and to consider meaningfully the issues raised by the proposed project." The importance of this requirement is heightened here because the Program's proponent and the reviewing agency are one and the same.
- 6. The Fourth District Court of Appeal in *Cleveland National Forest Foundation v.*San Diego Association of Governments (2014) 231 Cal. App. 4th 1056, 1075 recently held in vacating SANDAG's programmatic EIR for a regional transportation plan that the EIR's omissions were "particularly troubling" because:

[t]he project under review involves long-term, planned expenditures of billions of taxpayer dollars. No one can reasonably suggest it would be prudent to go forward with planned expenditures of this magnitude before the public and decision makers have been provided with all reasonably available information bearing on the project's impacts to health, safety and welfare of the region's inhabitants.

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The Court of Appeal's holding applies with even greater force here in light of the numerous and significant deficiencies in the PEIR's analysis of the CDFA's exponentially larger, costlier and more harmful statewide Program. The Court should therefore issue a peremptory writ of mandate and grant Petitioners' requests for declaratory and injunctive relief, vacating Respondents' approvals of the PEIR and Program and remanding this mater for further consideration consistent with this Court's directives.

THE PARTIES

- 7. Petitioner and Plaintiff ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP ("EWG") is a non-profit corporation formed pursuant to the laws of the District of Columbia. Founded in 1993, EWG has offices in Oakland and Sacramento, California and elsewhere in the United States, and has more than 1.2 million online supporters, including over 150,000 in California. EWG's mission is to protect the most vulnerable segments of the human population from health problems attributed to a wide array of toxic contaminants, and to replace government policies, including subsidies that damage the environment and natural resources, with policies that invest in conservation and sustainable development. In order to accomplish its mission, EWG employs a team of scientists, engineers, policy experts, lawyers, and others to review government data, legal documents, and scientific studies and conducts its own laboratory tests to expose threats to public health and the environment and find solutions. EWG actively engages in the making of laws and regulations for and by the state agencies that oversee the use and disposal of potentially toxic materials such as pesticides as well as the sometimes harmful materials that consumers are exposed to on a daily basis in their consumer products. EWG submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 8. Petitioner and Plaintiff CITY OF BERKELEY ("Berkeley") is a charter city formed under and in accordance with the constitution and laws of the State of California.

 Berkeley and its approximately 110,000 residents have a strong interest in the preservation, protection, and defense of the environment and health of all Berkeley residents and visitors.

 Berkeley submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.

- 9. Petitioner and Plaintiff CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY ("CFS") is a nonprofit public interest organization with nearly 600,000 members nationwide and offices in California, Oregon, Hawai'i; and the District of Columbia. CFS's mission is to protect the public's right to know how their food is produced. CFS was established for the purpose of and is dedicated to protecting human health and the environment by curbing the proliferation of harmful food production technologies, including increased use of pesticides and the evolution of resistant pests and weeds, and instead promoting sustainable alternatives. CFS works to inform, educate, and counsel its members and the public on the harm done to human health, animal welfare, and the environment by industrial agriculture. CFS achieves its mission though legal petitions for rulemaking, comments on agency actions, public education, grassroots organizing, media outreach, and when necessary, litigation, to promote transparency and accountability in government and the industrial agricultural industry. CFS submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 10. Petitioner and Plaintiff PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA ("PANNA") is an Oakland-based non-profit organization that serves as an independent regional center for Pesticide Action Network International, a coalition of over 600 public interest organizations in more than 90 countries. For more than 30 years, PANNA has worked to replace hazardous and unnecessary pesticide uses with ecologically sound pest management across North America. PANNA has approximately 2,700 individual members nationwide and approximately 90 organizational members in California. PANNA submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 11. Petitioner and Plaintiff BEYOND PESTICIDES ("BP") is a nonprofit organization headquartered in Washington, D.C. that works with allies in protecting public health and the environment to lead the transition to a world free of toxic pesticides. The founders, who established Beyond Pesticides in 1981, felt that without the existence of such an organized, national network, local, state, and national pesticide policy would become, under chemical industry pressure, increasingly unresponsive to public health and environmental concerns. The organization's primary goal is to effect change through local action, assisting individuals and

community-based organization to stimulate discussion on the hazards of toxic pesticides, while providing information of safe alternatives. Consistent with Beyond Pesticides' mission, the organization engages in advocacy, educational, and outreach efforts on behalf of its members across the country, many of whom reside in California, and which address issues unique to California residents and the environment. BP submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.

- 12. Petitioner and Plaintiff CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE ("CEHI") is a sponsored project of Pesticide Action Network, located in California, and has worked since 2008 to bring citizen advocacy and scientific research to expanding awareness that protecting human and environmental health must be the first priority in all food and agricultural decisions. CEHI submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 13. Petitioner and Plaintiff ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN ("EAC") is a 501(c)(3) Point Reyes Station-based non-profit organization founded in January 1971. EAC is dedicated to the protection and appreciation of West Marin county's natural resources and rural character. To achieve its mission, EAC works to protect the environmental quality, wildlife, wild lands, wilderness, watersheds and marine and coastal resources in West Marin. EAC has over 1200 members, the majority of whom reside in Marin County. EAC submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 14. Petitioner and Plaintiff SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT ("SAFE") is a California nonprofit, IRS tax exempt 501(c)(3), membership corporation, headquartered in northern California's Trinity County. SAFE is a volunteer, grassroots, environmental organization. SAFE's members reside in the State of California. SAFE is dedicated to promoting healthy ecosystems through contemplation, education, community involvement, organizing, demonstrations, activism and legal remedies. SAFE was formed in 1979 in response to pesticide spraying on public and private timber lands in Trinity County in northern

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27 28 California. SAFE submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.

- Petitioner and Plaintiff CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY ("CBD") is a 15. non-profit public interest corporation incorporated in the state of California, with approximately 50,000 members and offices throughout the United States including California offices in San Francisco, Los Angeles, Joshua Tree, Sacramento, and Humboldt and Sonoma Counties. For over 25 years CBD and its members have been dedicated to protecting imperiled species and their habitats through science, policy, education, and environmental law. CBD's Toxics and Endangered Species Campaign seeks to reduce the threats to the environment and public health from pollution and contamination with a particular emphasis on the impacts of pesticide use on imperiled species. CBD members reside and own property in California, and use areas affected by the Program for recreational, wildlife viewing, scientific, and educational purposes, and intend to continue these uses as permitted. CBD submitted timely comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- Petitioner and Plaintiff CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH ("CEH") is 16. a non-profit organization formed in 1996 to protect people from toxic chemicals. CEH has about 10,000 active supporters, and about 3,000 of CEH's members live in California. CEH submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 17. Petitioner and Plaintiff CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM ("CPR") ("CPR") is a non-profit, statewide coalition, headquartered in Oakland, California, whose mission is to protect public health, improve environmental quality and support a sustainable and just agricultural system by building a diverse movement across California to change statewide and local pesticide policies and practices. Founded in 1996, CPR is made up of more than 190 member organizations across California, including public health, children's health, educational and environmental advocates; clean air and water organizations; health practitioners; environmental justice groups; labor organizations; farmers; and sustainable agriculture advocates; all interested in shifting the way pesticides are used in California. CPR engages thousands of community members

around California through our organizational members. CPR submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and of the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.

- 18. Petitioner and Plaintiff MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY ("MOMAS") is a Bay Area based non-profit organization founded in 2008, committed to creating healthy communities for children by reducing their exposure to household and environmental toxins. MOMAS works primarily through education and outreach to mothers and families, and also to policy makers, helping them to make better choices and providing information about effective alternatives. MOMAS has approximately 600 members, primarily based in the San Francisco Bay Area. MOMAS submitted comments during the public comment period in opposition to the Program and to the CDFA's certification of the PEIR.
- 19. Respondent and Defendant CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE is agency of the State of California. CDFA is tasked with protecting and promoting agriculture within the State of California. CDFA is both the Program proponent and the "lead agency" that prepared and certified the Program's PEIR.
- 20. Respondent and Defendant KAREN ROSS, is the Secretary for the CDFA. In her official capacity, the Secretary is the person responsible for oversight and management of CDFA. Further, the Secretary certified and approved the PEIR and is therefore a "decision-making" agency within the meaning of CEQA Guidelines section 15356.
- 21. The true names and capacities of the Respondents and Defendants named here as DOES 1 through 100, inclusive, are presently unknown to Petitioners. As such, Petitioners have sued these Respondents and Defendants by fictitious names, and Petitioners will seek to amend this Petition to show their true names and capacities when ascertained.

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

22. This Court has jurisdiction to issue a writ of mandate to set aside Respondents' actions and decisions relating to the PEIR and to compel Respondents to comply with CEQA under California Code of Civil Procedure section 1085 and California Public Resources Code section 21168.5. This Court has jurisdiction to issue an order for Declaratory Relief pursuant to

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the Program for recreational, educational, scientific, conservation, aesthetic and spiritual purposes.

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31. Petitioners and their respective members and residents are directly and beneficially interested in Respondents' mandatory duty to fully comply with CEQA, and Petitioners and their respective members and residents are directly and beneficially interested in, and aggrieved by, the acts, decisions, and omissions of Respondents as alleged in this Petition.

- 32. Petitioners and their respective members and residents have articulated their concerns about and objections to the Program and PEIR to Respondents. Petitioners have exhausted any and all available administrative remedies to the extent required by law. Respondents' determinations are final and no further administrative appeal procedures are provided by state or local law. Petitioners and their respective members and residents and many other organizations, and public entities presented during the public comment period numerous, detailed and specific objections to the Program and PEIR. These objections include each of the legal deficiencies asserted in this Petition.
- 33. Petitioners do not have a plain, speedy and adequate remedy in the ordinary course of law. Without the requested mandatory and injunctive relief, Petitioners and their respective members and residents will be irreparably harmed by implementation of the Program and by Respondents' violations of CEQA. Such harm cannot be adequately compensated by money or other legal remedies.

PRIVATE ATTORNEY GENERAL DOCTRINE

- 34. Petitioners bring this action as private attorneys general pursuant to California Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5, and any other applicable legal theory, to enforce important rights affecting the public interest.
- 35. Issuance of the relief requested in this Petition and Complaint will confer significant benefits on the general public by, among other benefits: 1) requiring Respondents to properly disclose, analyze and mitigate the direct, indirect, and cumulative impacts of the Program that were not properly disclosed, analyzed or mitigated, 2) ensuring that Respondents properly consider alternatives and/or mitigation measures to reduce or avoid the Program's potentially significant, adverse environmental effects, 3) requiring Respondents to implement all feasible alternatives and mitigation measures to avoid such adverse effects or reduce them to less-than-

significant levels, and 4) ensuring that Respondents afford the public and affected agencies with the opportunity to review and comment on potentially significant project impacts, and receiving a meaningful and complete response to any such comments on such issues, prior to the approval of such Program or projects.

- 36. Issuance of the relief requested in this Petition and Complaint will result in the enforcement of important rights affecting the public interest. Compelling Respondents to complete a legally adequate analysis of the Program would protect public health and natural resources, require Respondents to properly and publicly disclose and analyze all of the Program's potentially significant, adverse environmental effects, and require Respondents to implement all feasible mitigation measures or alternatives that would reduce or avoid such impacts.
- 37. The necessity and financial burden of enforcement are such as to make an award of attorneys' fees appropriate in this proceeding. Absent enforcement by Petitioners, the Program might otherwise be deemed valid despite its legally and factually inadequate disclosures, analysis, conclusions, mitigation measures, and alternatives, among other things, and, as a result, potentially significant, adverse environmental effects might otherwise have evaded legally adequate environmental review and mitigation in accordance with the California Legislature's policy, in adopting CEQA, of affording the greatest protections to the environment within the scope of the statute.
- 38. Petitioners have served a copy of this Petition on the Attorney General's office to give notice of Petitioners' intent to bring this proceeding as a private attorney general under Code of Civil Procedure section 1021.5, which notice attached as Exhibit C

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

A. The Program and PEIR

39. While not entirely clear in the PEIR's Project Description, the Program purports to supersede in part the CDFA's existing Statewide Program of regulatory activities to address plant pests. Program activities may occur in any urban, residential, commercial or agricultural community or location throughout the state of California (and beyond) where a plant pest may be found, including at schools, hospitals, nursing homes, organic farms and other sensitive locations.

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The CDFA therefore intends the PEIR to support its stated goal of "rapid response by streamlining project-level implementation activities..." The PEIR does not clarify, however, which future activities under the Program have been analyzed at a "project-level" as compared to "program-level."

43. The CDFA's "streamlining" strategy is implemented through the PEIR's "Tiering Strategy," which governs the CDFA's internal assessment of whether subsequent activities were adequately addressed in the PEIR. As described previously, however, the Tiering Strategy does not commit the CDFA to subsequent detailed site-specific environmental analysis prior to site-specific Program implementation. Instead, the Tiering Strategy directs the CDFA's staff to carry out "substantially similar" Program activities without consideration, much less environmental analysis of site-specific environmental conditions, such as the location of sensitive resources or sensitive receptors.

B. The CDFA's Preparation and Certification of the PEIR

- 44. On January 23, 2011, the CDFA issued a Notice of Preparation ("NOP") of the PEIR.
- 45. On August 25, 2014, the Draft PEIR was circulated for public review. The comment period concluded on October 31, 2014. The CDFA received approximately 15,700 letters during the comment period, and at least as many following the close of the comment period.
- 46. On or about December 14, 2014, the CDFA released the Final PEIR, which included "Master Responses" regarding 18 topics as well as individual responses to only 39 comment letters.

47. On December 24, 2014, the CDFA certified the PEIR and filed the Notice of Determination. Petitioners thereafter timely filed this Petition.

FIRST CAUSE OF ACTION

(Violations of CEQA)

- 48. Petitioners incorporate by reference the allegations of set forth above, as if fully set forth in this paragraph.
- 49. The CDFA prejudicially abused its discretion in certifying the PEIR. The CDFA did not proceed in the manner required by law and its decisions in approving the Program and certifying the PEIR are not supported by substantial evidence. (Pub. Res. Code § 21168.5; Vineyard Area Citizens for Responsible Growth v. City of Rancho Cordova (2007) 40 Cal. 4th 412, 426.) These legal deficiencies include, without limitation, the following:

A. Unlawful Tiering Strategy

(1) The Tiering Strategy improperly limits subsequent environmental review. The PEIR is a particularly broad program EIR, covering all geographic areas in the state of California and all varieties of plant pest prevention and management activities overseen by the CDFA. The PEIR therefore defers analysis of site-specific environmental effects. For example, the PEIR declined to review specific species impacts because the "geographic area under consideration is large and varied." It did not quantify the cumulative exposure to multiple pesticide application scenarios for sensitive receptors because "the number of possible combinations would be so large as to be prohibitive to calculate." And it did not review sitespecific water impacts because "the exact locations of Proposed Program activities would be determined in the future in response to specific pest infestations." The Responses to Comments similarly explain: "the PEIR is not intended to provide exhaustive site-specific coverage of all future activities potentially undertaken under the proposed Program." Instead, "[p]rior to implementing a management activity, CDFA will always conduct additional project-level environmental analysis." The PEIR thus assures the public that the CDFA will conduct detailed site-specific environmental analysis prior to implementing subsequent activities under the Program as required under CEQA. (CEQA Guidelines, § 15152(c) ["....the development of

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detailed, site-specific information may not be feasible but can be deferred....as long as deferral does not prevent adequate identification of significant effects of the planning approval at hand."; (In re Bay-Delta Programmatic Environmental Impact Report Coordinated Proceedings (2008) 43 Cal. 4th 1143, 1176 [approving program EIR where agency "committed itself to conduct individual environmental assessments in accordance with CEQA on a project-by-project basis for each of the individual projects."] citing Al Larson Boat Shop, Inc. v. Board of Harbor Commissioners of the City of Long Beach (1993) 18 Cal. App. 4th 729, 742.)

But far from committing the CDFA to detailed, site specific environmental assessments prior to implementing subsequent Program activities, the Tiering Strategy instructs the CDFA's staff to carry out "substantially similar" subsequent activities with no further environmental review, public notice or opportunity to comment, without consideration, much less detailed analysis of site-specific environmental conditions.

(2) The Tiering Strategy reveals the CDFA's intent to not file a NOD following its decisions to carry out subsequent Program activities deemed adequately addressed under the PEIR. It therefore violates CEQA's public notice requirements. (Pub. Res. Code §21108; Committee for Green Foothills v. Santa Clara County Board of Supervisors (2010) 48 Cal. 4th 32, 56.)

B. The Project Description Is Vague, Incomplete and Misleading

- (1) CEQA requires that an EIR include an accurate project description, and that the nature and objective of a project be fully disclosed and fairly evaluated in an EIR. (San Joaquin Raptor Rescue Center v. County of Merced (2007) 149 Cal. App. 4th 646, 655.) An EIR should contain a "sufficient degree of analysis to provide decision-makers with information which enables them to make a decision which intelligently takes account of environmental consequences." (CEQA Guidelines, § 15151.)
- (2) The PEIR's project description is deficient because numerous details of the proposed Program are missing, including the existing environmental conditions of specific locations where treatments will take place, the timing and intensities of those treatments, the criteria for pest management decisions, whether and when treatments would take place at schools

1	wetlands and other aquatic or sensitive natural communities." No information is provided on how
2	this determination was reached. The determination of what area constitutes a "wetland" can
3	include a complex evaluation of many factors. The PEIR's conclusion further fails to consider and
4	analyze the Project's indirect impacts to wetlands and other sensitive communities from pesticide
5	drifts and runoffs;

(vii) the ERA is deficient in numerous respects. The ERA acknowledges that its models in many cases are not capable of modeling all of the complex fate and transport processes that can occur once chemicals are released into the environment and that toxicity data were not always available for all taxonomic groups. This was most common for amphibians and reptiles. Other deficiencies in the ERA include: failure to analyze the environmental impacts of numerous proposed Program activities "due to inability to quantify risk," failure to analyze numerous exposure pathways due to lack of available data, failure to analyze the full range of pesticides used in the proposed Program, including inert ingredients, and unsubstantiated and illogical assumptions about exposure durations.

(vii) the PEIR fails to meaningfully assess impacts to aquatic species, relying on pesticide benchmark indicators for impacts to human health, where pesticide benchmark indicators for aquatic species provide for more stringent and applicable standards.

b. Water Impacts

surface waters. The PEIR fails to describe each water body that will be impacted and fails to evaluate Program activates that will impact these undescribed water bodies. The PEIR fails to distinguish between direct and indirect discharges, and fails to provide an adequate description of indirect pesticide loading through runoff, erosion, track off, and other movement of pesticides into waters. The PEIR admits that "because of the diffuse nature of non-point sources, they are difficult to regulate and are the leading cause of water quality issues in the US." Yet, the PEIR concludes that virtually none of its pesticide applications would reach, much less adversely affect, surface waters;

1	(ii) The PEIR improperly relies on CDFA's NPDES			
2	permit requirements to reduce or avoid significant water quality impacts as a substitute for actual			
3	analysis of the Program's potential impacts. Compliance, however, does not ensure less than			
4	significant impacts; analysis must be performed. Moreover, the Program's MPs conflict with			
5	NPDES permit requirements. Additionally, the Program provides no assurance that private			
6	applicators will comply with the NPDES permit, especially given that required MP's conflict with			
7	NPDES permit requirements;			
8	(iii) the ERA fails to model or otherwise analyze pesticide			
9	discharges to waters. It also fails to meaningfully consider impacts on drinking water supplies.			
10	The PEIR simply states that drinking water supplies will be avoided, with no supporting			
11	information, analysis or binding Program commitments. Many aboveground streams, springs and			
12	sources supply drinking water to residents and farms in rural counties, but the PEIR fails to			
13	individually identify these sources in its baseline description, much less analyze potential impacts;			
14	(iv) the PEIR fails to analyze how MPs will minimize			
15	pesticide discharges to waters;			
16	(v) the PEIR's finding of less than significant impacts is			
17	unsupported because the PEIR shows that numerous pesticides will have significant impacts on			
18	waters;			
19	(vi) the PEIR fails to consider impacts from Proposition			
20	65 listed chemicals;			
21	(vii) the PEIR fails to analyze sediment toxicity;			
22	(viii) the PEIR fails to adequately analyze impacts on			
23	groundwater;			
24	(ix) the PEIR fails to analyze cumulative impacts to			
25	waterbodies;			
26	(x) the PEIR discounts its own model results showing			
27	potentially significant impacts to waters; and			
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1	(xi) the PEIR provides internally contradictory	
2	conclusions that Program pesticides will impact impaired waterbodies with no remaining	
3	assimilative capacity, yet concluding that impacts to impaired waterbodies would be less than	
4	significant.	
5	c. Air Quality Impacts:	
6	(i) the PEIR fails to adequately describe each air district	
7	that will be impacted and meaningfully evaluate the impacts of Program activities;	
8	(ii) the PEIR fails to account for emissions from various	
9	equipment used when applying pesticides;	
10	(iii) the PEIR fails to adequately evaluate the impacts of	
11	Toxic Air Contaminants ("TACs") on non-sensitive receptors and local populations. The PEIR	
12	also fails to quantify the exposure to fossil-fueled application equipment emissions containing	
13	diesel particulate matter ("PM") or TACs.	
14	d. Human Health Impacts	
15	(i) the PEIR's Human Health Risk Assessment	
16	("HHRA") is legally inadequate and fails to inform the public about the hazards of the proposed	
17	Program. The HHRA contains numerous limitations and omissions. These deficiencies include	
18	the following:	
19	(ii) the HHRA improperly modified risk scenarios to	
20	ensure results below a threshold of significance without specifying mitigation measure to enforce	
21	those scenarios;	
22	(iii) the HHRA's definitions of modeled receptors omit	
23	critical age and population groups and do not address unique aspects of children's risk exposures.	
24	For example, in defining receptors for the risk analysis, the HHRA excludes many categories of	
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26	exclusions. The HHRA's modeling also includes unreasonable and unsubstantiated assumptions,	
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28	ingredients because they "cannot access treated areas." The HHRA's modeling further excludes	

1	consideration of impacts to adults over the age of 40. The PEIR purports to justify this modeling		
2	based upon reference to EPA studies, none of which are contained nor adequately identified or		
3	summarized within the PEIR in violation of CEQA's requirements;		
4	(iv) the HHRA fails to analyze valid exposure pathways		
5	of concern such as exposures to Program pesticide residues on purchased food;		
6	(v) the HHRA relies upon numerous invalid and		
7	unsubstantiated assumptions, including regarding exposure durations;		
8	(vi) the HHRA fails to address the exceedance of level of		
9	concern for methyl bromide exposure; and		
10	(vii) the HHRA omits several existing baseline pest		
11	programs from its analysis. The HHRA further fails to analyze cumulative impacts from multiple		
12	programs.		
13	e. Farming Impacts		
۱4	(i) the PEIR's conclusion that the Program will not		
15	disrupt organic farming is unsupported;		
l6	(ii) the PEIR improperly truncates its review of		
ا7	significant impacts on organic farms by analyzing only whether organic farms would be converted		
18	to non-agricultural use. This analysis ignores the many significant environmental and economic		
19	impacts on organic farm from pesticide drift, including disrupting the fine-tuned ecological		
20	balance of insects, pollinators, and soil microbes cultivated by these farms.		
21	E. The PEIR Fails To Adequately Evaluate Cumulative Impacts		
22	(1) CEQA requires that the lead agency analyze cumulative impacts.		
23	(Pub. Res. Code § 21083(b)(2); CEQA Guidelines § 15064(h)(1).) A cumulative impact is an		
24	impact created as a result of the project when evaluated together with other past, present, and		
25	reasonably foreseeable future projects causing related impacts. In performing a cumulative		
26	impacts analysis, the EIR must assess the significance of the incremental addition of a project to		
27	the combined individual effects of one or more separate projects. The analysis should provide		
28			
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required by law in certifying the PEIR. The PEIR's errors and omissions precluded informed

The CDFA prejudicially abused its discretion and failed to proceed in the manner

50.

27

1	decision making and informed public participation, thereby thwarting the statutory goals of the			
2	EIR process.			
3	SECOND CAUSE OF ACTION			
4	(Declaratory Relief)			
5	51. Petitioners incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth in			
6	this paragraph.			
7	52. An actual controversy exists between the parties. Petitioners contend that			
8	Respondents have violated CEQA and must vacate and set aside their approvals of the Program			
9	and PEIR. These violations include, without limitation, the PEIR's Tiering Strategy under which			
10	the CDFA intends to carry out subsequent activities under the Program without consideration			
11	and/or detailed analysis of site specific environmental conditions, and without providing public			
12	notice of such determinations by filing an NOD. A judicial resolution of this controversy is			
13	necessary and appropriate.			
14	THIRD CAUSE OF ACTION			
15	(Stay and Injunctive Relief)			
16	53. Petitioners incorporate by reference the foregoing paragraphs as if fully set forth in			
17	this paragraph.			
18	54. Respondents' failure and refusal to comply with CEQA threatens to cause			
19	Petitioners imminent and irreparable injury. In the absence of injunctive relief, implementation of			
20	the Program will cause irreparable harm to the public and the environment as previously described			
21	and cause permanent harm to Petitioners and their respective members and residents, as well as			
22	other citizens of California.			
23	55. Petitioners have no plain, speedy, and adequate remedy at law because monetary			
24	damages cannot be ascertained and Petitioners and the public cannot be compensated for the			
25	environmental degradation or adverse public health effects that will be caused by the Program.			
26	WHEREFORE, Petitioners pray for relief as follows:			
27	1. That this Court issue a peremptory writ of mandate:			
28				

1	a. Commanding Respondents to set aside their certifications of the				
2	PEIR and to prepare a revised PEIR and otherwise comply with CEQA in any subsequent action				
3	taken to approve the Program:				
4	b. Commanding Respondents to immediately suspend all activities in				
5	furtherance of the Program;				
6	c. Commanding Respondents to set aside their approvals of the				
7	Program; or alternatively, stay further activity in support of the Program pending remand to the				
8	Respondent agencies for compliance with the directives of this Court.				
9	2. For a temporary, preliminary and permanent injunction and/or stay and				
10	other injunctive relief, restraining Respondents from taking any further actions to carry out the				
۱1	Program pending the outcome of this litigation;				
12	3. For an award of Petitioners' costs incurred in bringing this action, and				
13	reasonable attorneys' fees pursuant to Code of Civil Procedure Section 1021.5, or as otherwise				
14	authorized by law; and				
15	4. For such other relief as the Court deems just and proper.				
16	Dated: January 12, 2015				
17	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHFER & HAMPTON LLP				
18	SHETT ARD, MODELLY RICHTER & HAMI TON EEF				
19	By UHD				
20	ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN				
21	Attorneys for ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY; CENTER FOR				
22	FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK				
23	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH				
24	INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE				
25	ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT				
26	EN VIRONWEN I				
27					
28	·				
	-27-				
	SMRH:435989749.1 PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAINT				

1	Dated: January 22, 2015		
2		AQUA	TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP
3			Jan
4		Ву	JASON R. FLANDERS
5	·		
6			Attorneys for CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY,
7			CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
8			INITIATIVE, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING
9			SUSTAINABILITY
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	SMRH:435989749.1		-29- PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDATE AND COMPLAIN

VERIFICATION

I, Arthur Friedman, am counsel of record for certain Petitioners. I sign for Petitioners absent from the county of counsel and/or because facts contained in the Petition are within the knowledge of counsel. I have read the foregoing Petition and know the contents thereof. The same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters that are alleged on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this ____ day of January, 2015, in San Francisco, California.

Arthur Friedman

VERIFICATION

I, Jason Flanders, am counsel of record for certain Petitioners. I sign for Petitioners absent from the county of counsel and/or because facts contained in the Petition are within the knowledge of counsel. I have read the foregoing Petition and know the contents thereof. The same is true of my own knowledge, except as to those matters that are alleged on information and belief, and as to those matters, I believe them to be true.

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct. Executed this 22 day of January, 2015, in Oakland, California.

Jason Flanders

Exhibit A

	[]						
1	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP						
2	A Limited Liability Partnership Including Professional Corporations						
3	PHILIP F. ATKINS-PATTENSON, Cal. Bar No. 949 ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN, Cal. Bar No. 160867	901					
	ALEXANDER L. MERRITT, Cal. Bar No. 277864						
4	San Francisco, California 94111-4109	Four Embarcadero Center, 17" Floor San Francisco, California 94111-4109					
5	Telephone: 415.434.9100 Facsimile: 415.434.3947						
6	Email: patkinspattenson@sheppardmullin.com	n					
7	afriedman@sheppardmullin.com amerritt@sheppardmullin.com						
8							
9							
10	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES;						
	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH						
11	INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE						
12							
13	3 [
14	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP (ATA Law Group)						
	JASON R. FLANDERS, Cal. Bar No. 238007 409 45th St						
15	Oakland, CA 94609						
16	Telephone: (916) 202-3018 Email: jrf@atalawgroup.com						
17	7						
18	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY,						
10	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH,						
	CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM,						
20	MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY						
21							
22	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA						
23							
i	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; Ca	se No.					
24	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NO	OTICE OF COMMENCEMENT OF					
25	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA	EQA ACTION					
26	5 ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; [P	ublic Resources Code § 21167.5]					
27	ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES						
28	FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT;						
ا ۵	CENTER FOR DIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY						

1	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL
2	HEALTH; CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY
3	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,
4	
5	V.
6	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE; KAREN ROSS in her
7	official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food and Agriculture, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,
8	Defendants and Respondents.
9	Detendants and Respondents.
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	SMRH:436094045.2

TO RESPONDENTS AND DEFENDANTS 1 2 Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167.5, Petitioners and Plaintiffs hereby give notice that they intend to file a Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory and 3 Injunctive Relief, pursuant to Public Resources Code §§ 21000 et seq. and Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1085 and 1094.5, against Respondents and Defendants, challenging their approval of the Statewide Plant Pest Prevention and Management Program ("Program") and their certification on December 24, 2014 of the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Report for the Program. 8 Dated: January 2, 2015 10 SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP 11 By 12 ARTHUŔ J. FRIEDMAN 13 Attorneys for ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING 14 GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK 15 NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 16 INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN and SAFE 17 ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST 18 ENVIRONMENT. 19 20 Dated: January 4, 2015 21 AOUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP 22 By 23 JASON R. FLANDERS 24 Attorneys for

CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY,
CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH
INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL
HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE
REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING'
SUSTAINABILITY

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1	PROOF OF SERVICE		
2	At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action . I am employed in the County of San Francisco, State of California. My business address is Four Embarcadero Center, 17th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111-4109.		
4	On January 21, 2015, I served true copies of the following document described as		
5	NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT OF CEQA ACTION		
6	on the interested parties in this action as follows:		
7 8 9	Laura Petro California Department of Food and Agriculture 1220 N Street, Room 400 Sacramento, California 95814 Karen Ross Secretary California Department of Food and Agriculture 1220 N Street, Room 400 Sacramento, California 95814		
10 11 12 13	BY MAIL: I enclosed the documents in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed in the Service List and placed the envelope for collection and mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that the correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of		
14 15 16	BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: I caused a copy of the documents to be sent from e-mail address to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the Service List. The documents were transmitted at a.m./p.m. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.		
17 18 19	BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY: I enclosed said document(s) in an envelope or package provided by Overnight Delivery and addressed to the persons at the addresses listed in the Service List. I placed the envelope or package for collection and overnight delivery at an office or a regularly utilized drop box of Overnight Delivery or delivered such document(s) to a courier or driver authorized by Overnight Delivery to receive documents.		
20	BY HAND DELIVERY: I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand to the office of the addressees.		
21 22	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.		
23	Executed on January 21, 2015, at San Francisco, California.		
24			
25	Clamebore		
26	Jane Gorsi		
27			
_			

Exhibit A

SheppardMullin

Sheppard Mullin Richter & Hampton LLP Four Embarcadero Center, 17th Floor San Francisco, CA 94111-4109 415.434.9100 main 415.434.3947 main fax www.sheppardmullin.com

415.774.2985 direct afriedman@sheppardmullin.com

File Number: 0010-207930

January 21, 2015

U.S. MAIL

Laura Petro
California Department of Food and Agriculture
1220 N Street, Room 400
Sacramento, California 95814

Re: Notice of Commencement of CEQA Action (Pub. Res. Code. § 21167.5)

Dear Ms. Petro:

We represent a coalition of non-profit and municipal entities, consisting of the Environmental Working Group, City of Berkeley, Center for Food Safety, Pesticide Action Network North America, Beyond Pesticides, California Environmental Health Initiative, Environmental Action Committee of West Marin, Safe Alternatives for our Forest Environment, Center for Biological Diversity, Center for Environmental Health, Californians for Pesticide Reform, and Moms Advocating Sustainability (collectively, "Petitioners").

Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167.5, we are writing to notify you that Petitioners intend to file a Verified Petition for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief ("Petition"), pursuant to Public Resources Code §§ 21000 et seq. and Code of Civil Procedure §§ 1085 and 1094.5, against the California Department of Food and Agriculture ("Department") and Karen Ross in her official capacity as Secretary of the Department (collectively, "Defendants"). The Petition will challenge Defendants' approval of the Statewide Plant Pest Prevention and Management Program ("Program") and their certification on December 24, 2014 of the Final Programmatic Environmental Impact Report for the Program.

Arthur J. Friedman

Very truly yours

for SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP

Jason R. Flanders

for the

For AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP

SMRH:436095335.2

1	PROOF OF SERVICE					
2 3	At the time of service, I was over 18 years of age and not a party to this action . I am employed in the County of San Francisco, State of California. My business address is Four Embarcadero Center, 17th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111-4109.					
4	On January 21, 2015, I served true copies of the following document described as					
5	LETTER TO CDFA RE NOTICE OF COMMENCEMENT OF CEQA ACTION					
6	on the interested parties in this action as follows:					
7 8	Laura Petro California Department of Food and Agriculture 1220 N Street, Room 400 California Department of Food and Agriculture California Department of Food and Agriculture					
9	Sacramento, California 95814 1220 N Street, Room 400 Sacramento, California 95814					
10 11	BY MAIL: I enclosed the documents in a sealed envelope or package addressed to the persons at the addresses listed in the Service List and placed the envelope for collection and					
12	mailing, following our ordinary business practices. I am readily familiar with the firm's practice for collecting and processing correspondence for mailing. On the same day that the					
13	correspondence is placed for collection and mailing, it is deposited in the ordinary course of business with the United States Postal Service, in a sealed envelope with postage fully prepaid.					
14	BY E-MAIL OR ELECTRONIC TRANSMISSION: I caused a copy of the documents to be sent from e-mail address to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the					
15 16	to be sent from e-mail address to the persons at the e-mail addresses listed in the Service List. The documents were transmitted at a.m./p.m. I did not receive, within a reasonable time after the transmission, any electronic message or other indication that the transmission was unsuccessful.					
17	BY OVERNIGHT DELIVERY: I enclosed said document(s) in an envelope or package					
18	provided by Overnight Delivery and addressed to the persons at the addresses listed in the Service List. I placed the envelope or package for collection and overnight delivery at an office or a					
19	regularly utilized drop box of Overnight Delivery or delivered such document(s) to a courier or driver authorized by Overnight Delivery to receive documents.					
20	BY HAND DELIVERY: I caused such envelope(s) to be delivered by hand to the office of the addressees.					
21						
22	I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the foregoing is true and correct.					
23	Executed on January 21, 2015, at San Francisco, California.					
24						
25	Came Cores					
26	Jane Gorsi					
27						
28						

SMRH:436102295.1

PROOF OF SERVICE

Exhibit B

1	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP A Limited Liability Partnership			
2	Including Professional Corporations			
3	PHILIP F. ATKINS-PATTENSON, Cal. Bar No. 94901 ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN, Cal. Bar No. 160867			
4	ALEXANDER L. MERRÍTT, Cal. Bar No. 277864 Four Embarcadero Center, 17 th Floor			
5	San Francisco, California 94111-4109			
3	Telephone: 415.434.9100 Facsimile: 415.434.3947			
6	Email: patkinspattenson@sheppardmullin.com afriedman@sheppardmullin.com			
7	amerritt@sheppardmullin.com			
8	Attorneys for Petitioners and Petitioners			
9	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD			
10	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES;			
11	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION			
	COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE			
12	ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT			
13	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP			
14	(ATA Law Group)			
15	JASON R. FLANDERS, Cal. Bar No. 238007 409 45th St			
16	Oakland, CA 94609 Telephone: (916) 202-3018			
17	Email: jrf@atalawgroup.com			
	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs			
18	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE,			
19	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM,			
20	MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY			
21	CUREDIOD COURT OF THE CO. C.			
22	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
23	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA			
24	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; Case No. CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD			
	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK PETITIONERS' ELECTION TO			
25	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA PROCEEDINGS PROCEEDINGS			
26	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE [Public Resources Code § 21167.6]			
27	OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES			
28	FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT; CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY;			

1 2	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY	
3	ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY	
	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,	
4	v.	
5	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD	
6	AND AGRICULTURE; KAREN ROSS in her official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food and Agriculture, and	
7	Department of Food and Agriculture, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	
8	Defendants and Respondents.	
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	SMRH:436093616.3 PETITIONERS' ELE	CTION TO PREPARE THE RECORD OF PROCE

1	TO THE COURT AND THE PARTIES:					
2	Pursuant to Public Resources Code section 21167.6, Petitioners and Plaintiffs hereby make the					
3	required request of the Respondents and Defendants, by electing to prepare the record of					
4	proceedings in the above-titled action. Petitioners' election is made specifically for the purpose of					
5	exercising Petitioners' statutory right to control all costs associated with preparing the record of					
6	proceedings in this matter. ² Accordingly, Petitioners expressly disavow and deny all liability					
7	pursuant to Government Code section 11523, or any other applicable law, for any purported costs					
8	or other charges that may be claimed by Respondents or any other person or entity in association					
9	with preparing the record of proceedings, unless such amounts are disclosed to, and approved by,					
10	Petitioners before such costs are incurred.					
11						
12	Dated: January 22, 2015					
13	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP					
14	GAN I					
15	By ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN					
16	Attorneys for ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING					
17	GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR					
18	FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES;					
19	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION					
20	COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN, SAFE					
21	ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT					
22						
23						
24						
25						
26	¹ Pub. Resources Code, § 21167.6, subds. (a) and (b)(2).					
27 28	² Citizens for Quality Growth v. City of Mt. Shasta (1988) 198 Cal.App.3d 433, 447 ("[u]nder section 21167.6, plaintiffs ha[ve] the option of preparing the administrative record themselves to minimize expenses.").					
	-1-					
	SMRH:436093616.3 PETITIONERS' ELECTION TO PREPARE THE RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS					

AQUA	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP		
Ву	fram the		
	JASON R. FLANDERS		
	Attorneys for		
	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH		
	INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAI HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING		
	REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY		

Exhibit C

1	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP					
2	PHILIP F. ATKINS-PATTENSON, Cal. Bar No. 94901					
3	ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN, Cal. Bar No. 160867					
	ALEXANDER L. MERRITT, Cal. Bar No. 277864 Four Embarcadero Center, 17 th Floor					
4	Four Embarcadero Center, 17" Floor San Francisco, California 94111-4109					
5	Telephone: 415.434.9100					
6	Facsimile: 415.434.3947 Email: patkinspattenson@sheppardmullin.com					
7	afriedman@sheppardmullin.com amerritt@sheppardmullin.com					
8	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs					
9	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD					
	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK					
10	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH					
11	INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION					
12	ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST					
13	2 ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT					
	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP					
14						
15	409 45th St					
16						
ĺ	Email: jrf@atalawgroup.com					
1/	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs					
18	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs 8 CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY,					
ENVIRONMENT AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP (ATA Law Group) JASON R. FLANDERS, Cal. Bar No. 238007 409 45th St Oakland, CA 94609 Telephone: (916) 202-3018 Email: jrf@atalawgroup.com Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA						
20	9 CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM.					
	MOMOTED CONTINUO GOGITAINADILITI					
21	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA					
22	22					
23	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA					
24	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; Case No.					
	CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NOTICE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL					
25	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA [Public Resources Code § 21167.7; Code of					
26	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; Civil Procedure § 388]					
27	ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES					
	FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT;					
28	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY:					

1	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL		
2	HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY		
3			
4	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,		
5	v.		
6	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE; KAREN ROSS in her		
7	official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food and Agriculture, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,		
8	DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,		
9	Defendants and Respondents.		
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	CMDV 10000100 2		
	SMRH:436094403.2	NOTICE TO ATTOR	NEY

TO THE ATTORNEY GENERAL OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA: 1 2 Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167.7 and Code of Civil Procedure § 388, 3 Petitioners and Plaintiffs hereby give notice that on January 22, 2015, they filed a Verified Petition 4 for Writ of Mandate and Complaint for Declaratory and Injunctive Relief ("Petition") against 5 Respondents and Defendants in Alameda County Superior Court, and hereby furnish a copy of the Petition as Exhibit A. 6 7 The Petition alleges, among other things, that Respondents and Defendants violated the California Environmental Quality Act in approving the Statewide Plant Pest Prevention and 9 Management Program ("Program") and in certifying the Final Programmatic Environmental 10 Impact Report for the Program. 11 Dated: January 2015 12 13 SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP 14 By 15 ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN 16 Attorneys for ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING 17 GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK 18 NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH 19 INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION 20 COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN, SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST 21 **ENVIRONMENTS** 22 23 24 25 26 27 28

1	Dated: January 22, 2015		•
2		AQUA	TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP
3			
4		Ву	for theter
5			JASON R. FLANDERS
6			Attorneys for CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY,
7			CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL
8			HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING
9			SUSTAINABILITY
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	SMRH:436094403.2		-2-
	SWRH:430094403.2		NOTICE TO ATTORNEY GENERAL

Exhibit D

1	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP			
2	A Limited Liability Partnership Including Professional Corporations			
3	PHILIP F. ATKINS-PATTENSON, Cal. Bar No. 94901 ARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN, Cal. Bar No. 160867			
4	ALEXANDER L. MERRITT, Cal. Bar No. 277864 Four Embarcadero Center, 17 th Floor			
5	San Francisco, California 94111-4109 Telephone: 415.434.9100			
	Facsimile: 415.434.3947			
6	Email: patkinspattenson@sheppardmullin.com afriedman@sheppardmullin.com			
7	amerritt@sheppardmullin.com			
8	Attorneys for Petitioners and Plaintiffs ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP;			
9	CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK			
10	NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES;			
11	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION			
12	COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST			
13	ENVIRONMENT			
14	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP (ATA Law Group)			
15	JASON R. FLANDERS, Cal. Bar No. 238007 409 45th St			
	Oakland, CA 94609			
	Telephone: (916) 202-3018 Email: jrf@atalawgroup.com			
17	Attorneys for Petitioner and Plaintiffs			
18	Attorneys for Petitioner and Plaintiffs CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE			
19	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM,			
20	MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY			
21	CURERYOR COVER OF THE COVER OF			
22	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA			
23	COUNTY OF ALAMEDA			
24	ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; Case No. CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR FOOD			
25	SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK REQUEST FOR HEARING AND NOTICE			
	PESTICIDES; CALIFORNIA			
26	ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; [Public Resources Code § 21167.4] ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION COMMITTEE			
27	OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST ENVIRONMENT;			
28	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY:			

REQUEST FOR HEARING AND NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR HEARING

SMRH:436094323.1

1	CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH; CALIFORNIANS FOR	
2	HEALTH; CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE REFORM, and MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY	
4	Petitioners and Plaintiffs,	
5	v.	
6	CALIFORNIA DEPARTMENT OF FOOD AND AGRICULTURE; KAREN ROSS in her	
7	official capacity as Secretary of the California Department of Food and Agriculture, and DOES 1 through 100, inclusive,	
8	Defendants and Respondents.	·
9	Detendants and Respondents.	
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	SMRH:436094323.2 REQUEST FOR	HEADING AND NOTICE OF PROJ
	REQUEST FOR	R HEARING AND NOTICE OF REQU

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1	TO ALL PARTIES:		
2	Pursuant to Public Resources Code § 21167.4, Petitioners and Plaintiffs hereby request a		
3	hearing in this action and give notice of their request for hearing.		
4			
5	Dated: January <u>2</u> , 2015		
6	SHEPPARD, MULLIN, RICHTER & HAMPTON LLP		
7			
8	ByARTHUR J. FRIEDMAN	-	
9			
10	Attorneys for ENVIRONMENTAL WORKING GROUP; CITY OF BERKELEY, CENTER FOR		
11	FOOD SAFETY; PESTICIDE ACTION NETWORK NORTH AMERICA; BEYOND PESTICIDES;		
12	CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH INITIATIVE; ENVIRONMENTAL ACTION		
13	COMMITTEE OF WEST MARIN; SAFE ALTERNATIVES FOR OUR FOREST		
14	ENVIRONMENT		
15			
16	Dated: January 22, 2015		
17	AQUA TERRA AERIS LAW GROUP		
18	Du form the		
19	JASON R. FLANDERS	-	
20	Attorneys for		
21	CENTER FOR BIOLOGICAL DIVERSITY, CALIFORNIA ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH		
22 23	INITIATIVE, CENTER FOR ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH, CALIFORNIANS FOR PESTICIDE		
24	REFORM, MOMS ADVOCATING SUSTAINABILITY		
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	SMRH:436094323.2 REQUEST FOR HEARING AND NOTICE OF REQUEST FOR HEARING	<u>iG</u>	
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